Using the AFGS Collection of French-Canadian Marriages - Female INDEX

This collection of French-Canadian Marriages, entitled "Répertoire Alphabétique des Mariages des Canadiens-Français", contains over 1,000,000 marriages alphabetized on the BRIDE surname. The collection is also called the "Female Drouin" or "Black Drouin."

The FEMALE Drouin Index may contain some marriages that were not included in the MALE Index.

Although these marriages might give you a good start on your research, they are secondary sources and should always be checked against a primary source. Primary sources might include, but are not limited to, parish or city hall registers and the Canadian microfilm collection owned by AFGS.

PAGE INDEX FORMAT

The marriage index lists the Bride and Groom of the FIRST marriage on each PAGE of the French-Canadian Marriage volumes.

<u>The Bride Index</u> is listed alphabetically by Bride Last name, then by their First name. The image below represents 5 pages of marriages, listing only the first marriage of each page. It shows that Belanger brides from 'Adelaide' to 'Adeline' will be on the 'Belanger, Adelaide' page.

Bride (last, first)	Groom (last, first)
Beland, Olive	Michaud, Henri
Beland, Valerie	Poulin, Hilaire
Belanger, Adelaide	Tondreau, Cyprien
Belanger, Adeline	Boyer, Napoleon
Belanger, Aglaee	Ouellet, Guillaume

There may also be 'Adelaide Belanger' marriages on the previous page (Beland, Valerie), if the <u>husband's surname</u> is alphabetically before 'Tondreau'.

In the above example, the marriage for 'Abbie Belanger' would be on the 'Beland, Valere' page, because the <u>bride given name</u> 'Abbie' is alphabetically before 'Adelaide'.

Grooms are listed alphabetically within the bride's given name, as shown below for the 'Marie Belanger' brides.

Bride (last, lirst)	Groom (last, first)
Belanger, Marie	Boure, Joseph
Belanger, Marie	Dessylva, Louis
Belanger, Marie	Dion, Ignace
Belanger, Marie	Gonthier, Jean
Belanger, Marie	Lacombe, Luc

If you are looking for 'Marie Belanger' that married 'Michel Dion', the marriage would be on the page where 'Dion, Ignace' is the 1st groom, because the groom given name 'Michel' is alphabetically after 'Ignace'.

However, if you look for 'Marie Belanger' that married 'Georges Dion', the marriage would be on the page where 'Dessylva, Louis' is the 1st groom, because the groom given name 'Georges' is alphabetically before 'Ignace'.

There may be the odd chance that the names are out of alphabetical order, as shown below (from MALE index) by the marriage of Julien Fortin and Genevieve Gamache, where 'Gamache' is listed between 'Morin' and 'Navers'. Be sure to check all the brides with the same given name.

fortin	julies ignace free-thi	morin beault lis.	maddlaide michel-couillard després m	1'iglet 17 jany. 1815
	julian-lavia m.	geneaha	gener.	ndam- quá. 11 nov. 1652
	" jesolou'ier a	กลขาระ อูกลิส	n. ja bto-gauvin m.fr	ohatesu richer en 7 fév. 1736

HOW TO USE THE INDEX

To begin a new **Search** from anywhere in the index, click the [New Search] button at left.

You may search for a full **Surname**, enter the first few letters of a surname (to account for spelling variations), or select a surname abbreviations from the bottom list. To search for a different surname, just click the [Surname] button at left.

You may also include the first initial of the **Given Name** in the search, or select it from a list of given names once you have selected the surname.

Select any <u>Marriage</u> in the top listing to view the page that <u>BEGINS</u> with that marriage. The list at the bottom of the page provides shortcuts to Surnames or Given names to help you make a selection.

Record the marriage information you need and make sure to click the [Citation] button and copy it for your records.

Don't forget to check both **Part-1** and **Part-2** for the marriage record.

READING A MARRIAGE RECORD

These volumes typically contain marriages from 1760 to 1935 and in the case of Montreal, the records often go to 1945. Each volume is divided into two sections. The front section covers 1760 to 1879 and the second section covers marriages from 1880 to 1935. These dates are not firm so you should always check both part-1 and part-2 of each volume.

The part-2 of each book contains marriages from New Brunswick that are not date sensitive. The information corresponds to the Moncton Files.

This collection contains many abbreviations for the given names of the bride and groom, as shown in the appendix on page 4.

The marriages are listed alphabetically by the last name of the bride. The first bride is always listed at the top of each new page.

				BEDARD-LOUISE
bédard	٠.	louise m lehoux frs-xavsylvain mlse	hervé jos. philodeau zénaide	st-patrice beauriv. 5 août 1925
bédard	,	louise marie marcoux josritcher alphonaine	henri walter-bouchard lucie	st-jean des piles 22 juin 1914
bédard	,	louise m etne-bédard elise	josbenoit-claude félicien-tessier philo	st-léonard portneuf .1 sept. 1913

The bride's last name is always capitalized when one surname ends and a new surname begins (as shown by AUBERT below).

```
aubé
                                            lamontagne bénonie
                                                                                   n.d.montréal
                     joachim-vandandaigne-d.godbois jean-bte-montferrand helene 15 nov.1859
                                   clémence
                                           de beaujeu geo, -rené-laurse st-jn-port-joli
susanne liénard jac -phil -ignace-chausse-20 sept.
AUBERT-
               adéla Ede
  de gaspé.
                    ph.-aubert-allison susanne
                                                                              gros de lery cath.1832
                adéline
                                                                                   st-roch québec
                                            dion
                                                         ls-jos .- alfred
                    frs-dupille henriette
                                                         chs-poitras ang.
                                                                                                  1863
                                                                                   3 aout
```

If there are more than one bride with the same last name and given name, then the grooms are listed alphabetically by their last names. Therefore the marriage of 'Baril, Marie' and 'Gendron, Ferdinand' would be listed before 'Baril, Marie' and 'Hamel, Alphee'.

```
baril marie gendron ferdinand st-pre les becquets onésime-carrier éléonore frs-xavier-houde olive 18 oct. 1881

baril marie hamel alphée warwick dosithée-petit marie ambroise-meunier odélie 5 fév. 1883
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The Female Drouin Index typically contains the text of each surname and given name. There may be occasion where once a given name is listed under a specific last name, subsequent entries with the same given name may be indicated with double quote marks (").

The first line of each marriage record lists the bride and groom, in the order shown below.

-			
	Surname and given name of bride	Surname and given name of groom	Where the marriage took place

dumas	louise marie-	ouellet	jos.	ste-anne de la p.
	ls-power mlse		pre-pelletier	mmodeste 8 fév. 1825

In the example above the bride is 'Marie-Louise Dumas', the groom is 'Joseph Ouellet' and the place is 'Ste. Anne de la Parade'.

The second line of each marriage lists the parents of the bride and groom, and the date of marriage, in the following order:

	1	e ,	<i>U</i> ,	\mathcal{E}
Given name of	Maiden name &	Given name of	Maiden name &	Date of marriage
bride's father	given name of	groom's father	given name of	
followed by a dash	bride's mother	followed by a dash	groom's mother	

In the above example, 'Louise Dumas' parents are 'Louis Dumas' and 'Marie-Louise Power', the groom's parents are 'Pierre Ouellet' and 'Marie-Modeste Pelletier', and the marriage took place on '8 Feb 1825'.

In some cases, multiple dashes may look confusing in a name, so just use common sense. Below, the bride's Father is 'Jean-Baptiste Demers'. The bride's Mother is 'Marie-Genevieve Demers-Dumay', since 'Baptiste' is obviously not a surname, but 'Demers' is.

demers-		louise marie-	mailhot-	michel		st-pre les	becquets
dumay	•	je an-bte-demers- mgenevi		joshamel	thérèse	14 oct.	1799

If a bride or groom married more than once, the marriage record may list their previous spouse instead of their parents, as shown:

d uma s	louise marie-	mé nard	ls	montréal	
	vve forget-despatis	jos.	·vf lefort-benoit	marg.10 sept.	1832

The example above shows that both the bride and groom were previously married by the terms 'vve' (widow) and 'vf' (widower):

- 1. 'Marie-Louise Dumas' was previously married to 'Joseph Forget-Despatis'.
- 2. 'Louis Menard' was previously married to 'Marguerite Lefort-Benoit'.

To determine the parents of either the bride or the groom, you need to locate their first marriage.

Once you have recorded the information for a marriage and have sited the data source, you can continue to the next marriage for the bride's parents or the groom's parents.

Sometimes you will see <u>name variations</u> or <u>dit names</u> listed in the column that contains the surnames. There are a few examples of this in the five entries shown below.

AUDET				
odet	pélagie bauché		st-frs riv.	
	laurent-coulombe marg.	basile-destroismaisons	6 oct.	1801
	 •	frse		
audet	perpétue fortin	joseph	lambton	
	abraham-quéret marie	jean-audet charl.	22 aout	1854
audet-	 perpétue - lachaine	pierre	st-évariste	forsyth
d.lap	vve fortier jos.	vf carrier rosalie	26 mai	1891
				**
audette	phébé berthiaume	françois	st-valentin	
	augsamosette isabelle	vf cyre isabelle	5 aout	1834

- 1 'AUDET' begins a new surname (capital letters in the page heading), which is the commonly accepted spelling in the Index.
- 2. "Odet, Pelagie' used the surname variation 'Odet' instead of 'Audet'.
- 3. 'Audet, Perpetue' used the commonly accepted spelling of the surname.
- 4. 'Audet dit Lapointe, Perpetue' included the 'dit' name of 'Lapointe'.
- 6. 'Audette, Phebe' used the surname variation 'Audette' instead of 'Audet'.

In **Part-2** of each book you may see numbers listed below the surname, as shown below (#s 398 and 1025). These numbers correspond to the Canadian Microfilm Number of the original record that you can obtain at AFGS.

béland 398		rose-de-lima hilaire-perron parm	messier éla	georges ls-provençal rosanna	st-jude 10 août	1926
béland	•	rose-de-lima josmoras louise	ouellet	thomas ths-ouellet mélanie	st-augustin 21 juil.	1891
béland 1025	•	rosalie michel-coté genev.	royer	pre clément-pepin elis.	st-chs belle	ch. 1860

The French-Canadian Marriages use various symbols and syntax within the records as shown below:

 TO T TOTAL CUITAGIANI TITALITA	so do various symbols and symbols and symbols as shown colon.
Example	Indication

Abbreviations (like 'jos.')	Names are often abbreviated as described in the Appendix on the last page.	
Ampersand (&)	An unspecified 'dit name' or name variation was used by the bride and/or her father.	
Underlined text	Questionable spelling.	
'8' within text	Native American text or a sound that is not easily translated to French.	
Hand written text	To be an official change to a printed record, it must include a name followed by numbers that	
Hand written text	refer to the person who made the entry, and the date on which the information was entered.	

If the information is in this collection of marriages, you can view and copy the original record on the AFGS microfilm. In that way you can see for yourself what is contained in the original record.

If you are unable to visit the AFGS library in person, you can request AFGS to provide the original record to you, by selecting "Microfilm Request" from the "Services" menu option on the Online Library.

Revised by AFGS 12 Jun 2023.

<u>APPENDIX</u> Common Given Name Abbreviations utilized in the Canadian Marriage Collection

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Abbreviation	Full Name	Gender
a.	Anne	F
ab.	Abraham	M
ad.	Adelaide	F
ag.	Agathe	F
alex.	Alexandre	M
alf.	Alfred	M
alph.	Alphonsine	F
alph.	Alphonse	M
am.	Amanda	F
ang.	Angelique	F
ant.	Antoinette	F
ant.	Antoine	M
arch.	Archange	F
arth.	Arthemise	F
aug.	Augustin	M
barth.	Barthelemy	M
ben. or benj.	Benjamin	M
bern.	Bernadette	F
car.	Caroline	F
cath.	Catherine	F
cel.	Celanire	F
charl. or chart.	Charlotte	F
chs. or ch.	Charles	M
christ.	Christophe	M
cun.	Cunegonde	F
dom.	Domithilde	F
dom.	Dominique	M
ed. or edo.	Edouard	M
elis. or elisa.	Elisabeth	F
eliz. or eliza.	Elizabeth	F
et.	Ethiennette	F
et.	Etiennette	F
et. or etne.	Etienne	M
eug.	Eugenie	F
eug.	Eugene	M

Abbreviation	Full Name	Gender
fel.	Felicite	F
ferd.	Ferdinand	M
fred.	Frederic	M
frs. or fr.	Francois	M
frse.	Francoise	F
fr-xav. or fr-x.	Francois Xavier	M
gab.	Gabrielle	F
gab.	Gabriel	M
gen.	Genevieve	F
geo.	Georgiana	F
geo.	Georges	M
germ.	Germaine	F
gert.	Gertrude	F
greg.	Gregoire	M
gull.	Guillaume	M
hel.	Helene	F
henr.	Henriette	F
hermen.	Hermengilde	M
hyac.	Hyacinthe	M
ir.	Irenee	M
isa.	Isabelle	F
j. or jos.	Josephte	F
jacq.	Jacques	M
jacq. or jq.	Jacqueline	F
jacq. or jq.	Jacquette	F
jn.	Jean	M
jn-bte. or jn-bts.	Jean-Baptiste	M
jne.	Jeanne	F
jn-pierre or jn-pre	Jean Pierre	M
jos. or j.	Josephte	F
jos. or j.	Joseph	M
laur.	Laurent	M
leoc.	Leocadie	F
ls.	Louis	M
lse.	Louise	F

Abbreviation	Full Name	Gender
magl.	Magloire	M
marc.	Marceline	F
marg.	Marguerite	F
math.	Mathurine	F
math.	Mathilde	F
nap.	Napoleon	M
narc. or nar.	Narcisse	M
naz.	Nazaire	M
nic.	Nicole	F
nic.	Nicolas	M
oct.	Octavie	F
oct.	Octave	M
oliv.	Olivine	F
oliv.	Olivier	M
ones.	Onesime	M
ph.	Phillppe	M
phil.	Philomene	F
pr.	Pierre	M
pre.	Pierre	M
r.	Rose	F
r.a.	Rose Anna	F
r.d.l.	Rose-de-lima	F
rad.	Radegonde	F
sch. or schol.	Scholastique	F
scholast.	Scholastique	F
ser.	Seraphin	M
sus.	Susanne	F
suz.	Suzanne	F
ther.	Therese	F
ths.	Thomas	M
tous.	Toussaint	M
urs.	Ursule	F
ver. or veron.	Veronique	F
wm. or will.	William	M
x. or xav.	Xavier	M
	1	ı

Abbreviation Full Name Conden

euph.	Euphrosine	F
eust.	Eustache	M
evan. or evag,	Evangeliste	M

m.	Marie	F
mad.	Madeleine	F
mag. or magd.	Magdeleine	F

zeph.	Zephirin	M
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